February 1, 2025

Saul of Tarus

Acts 9:11

Acts 9:30

2 Samuel 21:12

1 Samuel 13:2

1 Samuel 9:21

1 Chronicles 26:28

1 Chronicles 12:29

2 Samuel 21:7

1 Samuel 23:26

2 Samuel 3:6

2 Samuel 3:1

1 Samuel 22:7

Acts 22:3

Acts 11:25

2 Samuel 21:8

1 Samuel 27:1

2 Samuel 4:8

2 Samuel 21:2

1 Samuel 26:5

1 Samuel 17:37

1 Samuel 11:7

1 Samuel 13:22

1 Samuel 29:3

2 Samuel 1:21

1 Samuel 18:5

It looks like you're interested in Saul of Tarsus, also known as the Apostle Paul, and his biblical references. Saul of Tarsus is a significant figure in the New Testament, known for his dramatic conversion to Christianity and his subsequent missionary work. Here are some key references and their contexts:

Acts 9:11

- **Context**: This verse describes the Lord instructing Ananias to go to Saul, who is praying after his encounter with Jesus on the road to Damascus.

Acts 9:30

- **Context**: This verse mentions the disciples sending Saul to Tarsus to protect him from those who sought to kill him.

2 Samuel 21:12

- **Context**: This verse refers to King David retrieving the bones of Saul and Jonathan from the men of Jabesh Gilead.

1 Samuel 13:2

- **Context**: This verse describes Saul choosing 3,000 men of Israel to form his army.

1 Samuel 9:21

- **Context**: This verse shows Saul's humility when Samuel tells him he will be king, as Saul expresses his unworthiness.

1 Chronicles 26:28

- **Context**: This verse lists the dedicated things brought into the house of the Lord, including items from Saul.

1 Chronicles 12:29

- **Context**: This verse mentions the men of Benjamin, Saul's kinsmen, who joined David.

2 Samuel 21:7

- **Context**: This verse describes David sparing Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan, because of his oath to Jonathan, Saul's son.

1 Samuel 23:26

- **Context**: This verse describes Saul pursuing David in the wilderness of Maon.

2 Samuel 3:6

- **Context**: This verse mentions the war between the house of Saul and the house of David.

2 Samuel 3:1

- **Context**: This verse describes the long war between the house of Saul and the house of David, with David growing stronger.

1 Samuel 22:7

- **Context**: This verse shows Saul speaking to his servants, accusing them of conspiring with David.

Acts 22:3

- **Context**: This verse is part of Paul's defense, where he describes his background and education under Gamaliel.

Acts 11:25

- **Context**: This verse describes Barnabas going to Tarsus to seek Saul.

2 Samuel 21:8

- **Context**: This verse mentions the sons of Saul whom David handed over to the Gibeonites.

1 Samuel 27:1

- **Context**: This verse describes David's decision to flee to the land of the Philistines to escape Saul.

2 Samuel 4:8

- **Context**: This verse describes the men who brought the head of Ish-bosheth, Saul's son, to David.

2 Samuel 21:2

- **Context**: This verse mentions the Gibeonites, whom Saul had sought to kill.

1 Samuel 26:5

- **Context**: This verse describes David finding Saul's camp and seeing Saul lying within the trench.

1 Samuel 17:37

- **Context**: This verse shows David expressing his faith that the Lord will deliver him from Goliath, as He delivered him from the lion and the bear.

1 Samuel 11:7

- **Context**: This verse describes Saul's call to arms by sending pieces of oxen throughout Israel.

1 Samuel 13:22

- **Context**: This verse describes the lack of weapons among Saul and Jonathan's troops.

1 Samuel 29:3

- **Context**: This verse describes the Philistine commanders questioning David's loyalty, as he had been with Saul.

2 Samuel 1:21

- **Context**: This verse is part of David's lament for Saul and Jonathan, cursing the mountains of Gilboa where they fell.

1 Samuel 18:5

- **Context**: This verse describes David's success in Saul's service, leading to his promotion.

These references provide a comprehensive view of Saul's life, his interactions with David, and his transformation into the Apostle Paul.